

ВСЕРОССИЙСКИЕ ПРОВЕРОЧНЫЕ РАБОТЫ



О.В. Терентьева, Л.М. Гудкова

АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК

БОЛЬШОЙ СБОРНИК
ТРЕНИРОВОЧНЫХ
ВАРИАНТОВ ПРОВЕРОЧНЫХ РАБОТ
ДЛЯ ПОДГОТОВКИ

к **ВПР**
7 КЛАСС



ВПР – ШКОЛЬНИКАМ,
УЧИТЕЛЯМ И РОДИТЕЛЯМ

**НОВОЕ!
ИЗДАНИЕ!**

О.В. Терентьева, Л.М. Гудкова

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БОЛЬШОЙ СБОРНИК ТРЕНИРОВОЧНЫХ ВАРИАНТОВ ПРОВЕРОЧНЫХ РАБОТ

для подготовки к ВПР

**7
КЛАСС**

МОСКВА
ИЗДАТЕЛЬСТВО АСТ
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Пособие предназначено для подготовки учащихся 7 классов общеобразовательных организаций к Всероссийской проверочной работе (ВПР) по английскому языку.

Сборник содержит 10 тренировочных вариантов письменной и устной частей ВПР. Письменная часть включает задания по аудированию, чтению, грамматике и лексике. Все задания снабжены ключами.

В устную часть входят задания на чтение вслух текста и описание фотографии с опорой на план. В конце книги даны критерии оценивания выполнения этих заданий, которые помогут составить представление о требованиях к полноте и правильности развёрнутого ответа.

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Предисловие

Данное пособие предлагает 10 вариантов тренировочных работ по английскому языку для подготовки учащихся 7-х классов к Всероссийской проверочной работе (ВПР), предназначенной для оценки уровня освоения обучающимися предметного содержания курса иностранных языков и выявления тех его элементов, которые вызывают наибольшие затруднения. Содержание и структура работ соответствует требованиям Федерального государственного образовательного стандарта основного общего образования (приказ Минобрнауки России от 17.12.2010 № 1897) с учётом Примерной основной образовательной программы основного общего образования по иностранному языку.

Каждый вариант тренировочной работы включает в себя шесть заданий и состоит из двух частей: письменной и устной. Письменная часть содержит задания по аудированию, чтению, грамматике и лексике. Устная — задания по чтению текста вслух и по говорению (монологическая речь). Подборка материалов соответствует предметному, лексическому и грамматическому содержанию курса английского языка, изучаемого в 7 классе, и в то же время учитывает разный уровень подготовки учащихся.

Сборник позволит учителю проводить различные виды работ как в ходе учебного процесса, так и для промежуточного контроля. Его также могут использовать учащиеся для самостоятельного развития и совершенствования речевых умений и навыков.

Инструкция по выполнению работы

На выполнение работы по английскому языку даётся 45 минут. Работа включает в себя 6 заданий.

При необходимости можно пользоваться черновиком. Записи в черновике проверяться и оцениваться не будут.

Желаем успеха!

ВАРИАНТ 1

1

Перед вами 5 незаконченных предложений А — Е. Внимательно прочитайте их. Прочитайте также варианты ответов. Вы услышите разговор о посещении зоопарка. Для каждого предложения выберите концовку, соответствующую содержанию разговора. К каждому предложению подходит только одна концовка. Аудиотекст прозвучит 2 раза. При повторном прослушивании проверьте себя. У вас есть 45 секунд, чтобы ознакомиться с предложениями.

A. Alex looked _____.

1. a little shocked 2. a little worried 3. a little upset

B. Alex was at the Zoo at _____.

1. 1:30 p.m. 2. 2:30 p.m. 3. 3:30 p.m.

C. Alex saw laughing people _____.

1. in the monkeys' cage 2. in the monkeys' cave 3. at the monkeys' cage

D. The cage was _____.

1. full of people 2. empty 3. full of monkeys

E. The people were laughing _____.

1. at Alex's reflection 2. at the monkeys' reflection 3. at their reflection

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

2

Прочитайте текст вслух. У вас есть полторы минуты на подготовку и полторы минуты, чтобы прочитать текст вслух.

Puddings are a traditional Christmas dessert. There is a legend of how the first one was made. One Christmas Eve an English king lost his way in a forest. He had only a little food for his journey. He knocked on the door of a woodman's cottage and asked for food. The woodman was very poor and didn't have much to offer. So he mixed together all the food he had in the house. The result was a mixture of flour, eggs, apples, dried plums, sugar and brandy, which he boiled and a tasty pudding was invented.

3

Выберите фотографию и опишите диких животных на ней. У вас есть полторы минуты на подготовку и не более двух минут для ответа. У вас должен получиться связный рассказ (7–8 предложений). План ответа поможет вам.

Remember to say:

- what animal it is; (*animal*)
- where it is; (*location*)
- describe the animal; (*appearance*)
- what the animal is doing; (*activities*)
- why you have chosen this photo

Start with: “I’d like to describe picture № ... The picture shows ...”.



Photo 1



Photo 2



Photo 3

4

Установите соответствие между текстами и их темами, выбрав тему из списка. Используйте каждую тему только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя.

This text deals with a person who gave London ...

- 1) a famous sea victory.
- 2) a lot of beautiful buildings.
- 3) a lot of plays.
- 4) fine music.
- 5) nice clothes.
- 6) a special name for rubber boots.

The home of famous people

London has been the home of many famous Englishmen. Some were born there. Some lived there all their lives. Others lived in London only for a short time but all gave something to this great city.

- A) Born in Stratford-upon-Avon, William Shakespeare also lived in London. He lived there for more than twenty years. He acted at the Globe Theatre and wrote his plays in London. Most of his plays written there are popular nowadays.
- B) Sir Christopher Wren, the architect, spent most of his life in London. He designed many beautiful churches, including St. Paul's Cathedral. He also designed palaces and fine houses.
- C) Another famous London figure is one of the famous seamen. Admiral Lord Nelson. He has a special memorial in Trafalgar Square. The monument consists of a very tall column. On top of it stands a figure of Nelson. It is called Nelson Column.
- D) The Duke of Wellington is a famous general, who led the army at the battle of Waterloo in 1815. People also know him because they wear rubber boots called Wellington boots. His house stands at Hyde Park Corner. People know it as Number One, London. The Duke of Wellington and Admiral Nelson are buried in St. Paul's Cathedral.
- E) George Frederick Handel arrived in London in 1710. He became famous when he composed "The Messiah" and "The Music for the Royal Fireworks". Like many other great artists, Handel is buried in Westminster Abbey.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

5

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска нужную грамматическую форму, выбрав её из списка.

At the station

We see three men at the railway station. They **A** _____ to the porter. "What time is the next train to London?" asks one of them. "They go every hour. The next train is at ten o'clock," says the porter. "That's all right," they say, "let's go to the restaurant and wait **B** _____ the train there". At two minutes past ten the three men run out of the restaurant and ask the porter: "Has the train gone?" "Yes, it has," says the porter. "The next train is at eleven o'clock." "That's all right," the three men say, "let's go to the restaurant and have a drink there." At two minutes past eleven the three men again run out of the restaurant but the eleven o'clock train **C** _____ already. "The next train is at twelve o'clock. It is the last train to go to London," says the porter. At twelve o'clock we again see the three men running out of the restaurant. Two of them have got into a carriage but the **D** _____ man hasn't got into the train. He **E** _____ at the platform and laughing. "Why are you laughing?" asks the porter. "Because those two men have come to see me off," says the man.

- | | | | | |
|----------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------|
| A | 1) speak | 2) speaking | 3) are speaking | 4) speaks |
| B | 1) for | 2) after | 3) to | 4) before |
| C | 1) has gone | 2) had gone | 3) went | 4) goes |
| D | 1) thirteenth | 2) thirty | 3) three | 4) third |
| E | 1) was standing | 2) is standing | 3) stands | 4) stood |

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

6

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска подходящее слово, выбрав его из списка. Два слова в списке лишние.

Let our children be healthy

In Britain, children can either choose to bring their own lunch or buy their lunch at school. Children from poorer **A**_____ can have free school dinners but many of them don't take their dinners for different reasons.

Here is what they say: "I hate my school dinners. The food is so bad!" "I never have school dinner because it's the same food every day". "Our school dinners are always cold!" "My school **B**_____ sells chips and pizza. Of course it sells some healthy things, too, but they look boring."

But it's not all so bad. **C**_____ British schools are making a real effort to help their pupils to make the right food choices. There are schools that run competitions for the "**D**_____" class of the week. Other schools produce information leaflets about the right kind of food. And **E**_____ important of all, they try to make their school dinners both tasty and healthy.

1. any
2. some
3. usually
4. most
5. families
6. best
7. never

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

ВАРИАНТ 2

1

Перед вами 5 незаконченных предложений А — Е. Внимательно прочитайте их. Прочитайте также варианты ответов. Вы услышите телефонный разговор двух друзей. Для каждого предложения выберите концовку, соответствующую содержанию разговора. К каждому предложению подходит только одна концовка. Аудиотекст прозвучит 2 раза. При повторном прослушивании проверьте себя. У вас есть 45 секунд, чтобы ознакомиться с предложениями.

A. Jake hasn't been good since _____.

1. Tuesday

2. Saturday

3. Thursday

B. Jake has got a terrible _____.

1. headache

2. earache

3. backache

C. Computer competition will be in _____.

1. fourteen days

2. three days

3. thirteen days

D. Jake has been training for _____.

1. four hours daily

2. three to four hours daily

3. four days

E. Mark's piece of advice is a couple of days _____.

1. with training

2. going on training

3. off training

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

2

Прочитайте текст вслух. У вас есть полторы минуты на подготовку и полторы минуты, чтобы прочитать текст вслух.

In some countries bread is an important part of everyday food. When people sit down for a meal, there is always bread on the table. In countries where people eat a lot of bread, the word "bread" is used to talk about some other important things. In English-speaking countries it often means "money". In Russia people talk about their jobs as their bread and butter, and the person in the family who brings home the money is called the "breadwinner". People try not to throw away bread because they think that it's a bad sign.

3

Выберите фотографию и опишите занятия на ней. У вас есть полторы минуты на подготовку и не более двух минут для ответа. У вас должен получиться связный рассказ (7–8 предложений). План ответа поможет вам.

Remember to say:

- **where it is;** (*location*)
- **who is in the picture;** (*people*)
- **describe people in the chosen picture;** (*appearance*)
- **what they are doing;** (*activities*)
- **why you have chosen this photo**

Start with: “I’d like to describe picture № The picture shows ...”.



Photo 1



Photo 2



Photo 3

4

Установите соответствие между текстами и их темами, выбрав тему из списка. Используйте каждую тему только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя.

This text deals with ...

- 1) the longest meal.
- 2) the largest dinner.
- 3) the least illustrated story.
- 4) a “tasty” continent.
- 5) the most popular drink.
- 6) the most popular image.

Christmas Stories

- A) It took Charles Dickens six weeks to write the world’s most famous story “A Christmas Carol”. The story had only four colored pictures in time for Christmas 1843. Dickens said he laughed and cried as he wrote the story. It wasn’t easy to write it. For inspiration he walked two or three kilometers each night around the black streets of London. On Christmas Day in 1843 he went skating.
- B) King Henry VIII of England loved eating. He once sat down to a Christmas dinner that lasted twelve hours. The servants brought him the first dish at three p.m. on Christmas Day, and the last at 2:30 the next morning.
- C) A member of Coca-Cola Company invented the well-known image of Santa- Clause. The producers of this drink were unhappy because it was a “summer” drink. They wanted to sell it in the winter, too. So, a man, called Haddon Sundblom, thought about his friend, who looked like Santa Clause: with a round face, a short beard and a red nose... Thanks to Coca-Cola, half the world is now giving each other presents for Christmas.
- D) The Spanish Conquistador Hernando Cortez found turkeys in Mexico in 1519 and brought them to Europe. In fact, thanks to South Americans we can now enjoy other tasty things. They grew corn, chili pepper, tomatoes, potatoes and pumpkins. How can you do without popcorn or peanuts or chocolates in the cinema now?
- E) In 1399, King Richard II of England had a rather large dinner in London — the meal included 28 cows, 300 sheep and deer, and thousands of chickens. More than ten thousand people were at that dinner, which lasted three days! There were a thousand cooks to prepare the meal.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

5

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска нужную грамматическую форму, выбрав её из списка.

I'm a writer

Many people think that they can write stories. They **A**_____ like to be writers. They write stories and send them to magazines. When the magazines don't want to publish their stories, these people become angry.

A lady once wrote a long story. She sent it to a famous editor. After **B**_____ weeks the story was returned to her. The lady was angry. She wrote to the editor: "Dear Sir: Yesterday you sent back my story. How do you know that the story is not good? You **C**_____ not read it. Before I sent you the story, I had pasted together pages 18, 19 and 20. This **D**_____ my test to see if you would read the story. When the story came back yesterday, the pages were still pasted together. Do you read all the stories that **E**_____ to you in such a way in the past?"

The editor wrote back: "Dear Madam, At breakfast when I open an egg I don't have to eat all the egg to understand that it is bad".

- | | | | | |
|----------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| A | 1) should | 2) would | 3) must | 4) can |
| B | 1) a few | 2) few | 3) little | 4) a little |
| C | 1) do | 2) did | 3) does | 4) was |
| D | 1) is | 2) are | 3) were | 4) was |
| E | 1) were sent | 2) was sent | 3) are sent | 4) send |

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

6

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска подходящее слово, выберите его из списка. Два слова в списке лишние.

Be careful!

Everybody **A**_____ summer holidays. People usually have a fantastic time and a lot of fun. But it happens so, if they behave in a proper way, have a sense of responsibility and obey simple rules.

Last summer a group of tourists nearly **B**_____ shark food when they visited an aquarium in New Orleans, the USA. The tourists were told to wait for their turn and come to a special platform by the ten people. Trying to get a **C**_____ look at the deadly animals twenty or thirty tourists got on that platform. It collapsed and they fell down into the water. Some of the sharks in the aquarium were as big as the people — but luckily they had already had **D**_____ breakfast. As they weren't **E**_____, the sharks stayed away from the tourists. They gave the staff time to rush to the people's rescue and save them all.

- 1. better
- 2. hates
- 3. enjoys
- 4. them
- 5. hungry
- 6. their
- 7. became

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

ВАРИАНТ 3

1

Перед вами 5 незаконченных предложений А — Е. Внимательно прочитайте их. Прочитайте также варианты ответов. Вы услышите телефонный разговор двух друзей. Для каждого предложения выберите концовку, соответствующую содержанию разговора. К каждому предложению подходит только одна концовка. Аудиотекст прозвучит 2 раза. При повторном прослушивании проверьте себя. У вас есть 45 секунд, чтобы ознакомиться с предложениями.

A. Eva isn't at her _____.

1. extra Aerobics class 2. extra Algebra class 3. extra Art class

B. Eva's father is changing _____.

1. the look 2. the lock 3. the book

C. Eva has lost her keys for the _____.

1. first time 2. second time 3. third time

D. Eva usually puts her keys and watch _____.

1. in the pocket of her coat 2. next to the door 3. next to the small table

E. Today Eva has worn her _____.

1. warm winter coat 2. warm jersey 3. warm jacket

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

2

Прочитайте текст вслух. У вас есть полторы минуты на подготовку и полторы минуты, чтобы прочитать текст вслух.

Pandas are lovely. Pandas are peaceful and friendly, but they are in great danger now. There were a lot of them a hundred years ago. Now less than 1,000 pandas live in the wild. Why is it so? First of all because people have almost destroyed bamboo forests and pandas are losing their only food. Now people are trying hard to save pandas. In China a person, who kills pandas, is put into prison until the end of his life. Now there are plans to grow pandas in Zoos. Biologists all over the world are looking for the ways to save them.

3

Выберите фотографию и опишите время года на ней. У вас есть полторы минуты на подготовку и не более двух минут для ответа. У вас должен получиться связный рассказ (7–8 предложений). План ответа поможет вам.

Remember to say:

- what season it is; where it is; (*season, location*)
- what the weather is like; (*weather*)
- what the people are wearing; (*clothes*)
- what they are doing; (*activities*)
- why you have chosen this photo

Start with: "I'd like to describe picture № ... The picture shows ...".



Photo 1



Photo 2



Photo 3

4

Установите соответствие между текстами и их темами, выбрав тему из списка. Используйте каждую тему только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя.

This text deals with a person whose hobby is ...

- 1) watching TV.
- 2) astronomy.
- 3) cleaning the room.
- 4) travelling.
- 5) dreaming.
- 6) sports.

Children's rooms and hobbies

- A) I've never been to Brazil but I'd like to go there when I'm older. I think this helped me to decorate my room. I decided to turn it into a rain forest. So far, I've painted trees, tigers and monkeys across the walls. My friends think my room is quite cool but others think it's strange. But I'm proud of it. It's my dream room — I wouldn't change anything about it.
- B) I spend a lot of time in my room and do whatever I like to do there. It's a quiet, good place, because I don't share it with anybody. There are photos, pictures and souvenirs I've collected from my travels to Africa. These things mean a lot to me but not much to anyone else. I don't care!
- C) There are dirty clothes, coffee cups, books and papers on the floor of my room. It doesn't look clean and tidy. I hate washing and cleaning it. My mother always does it for me because she hates all this mess. She saves my time, which I can spend on cable TV. And what can be better than an interesting TV program?
- D) Football is an important part of my life, and I spend most of my time playing or watching it. I've put up photos and posters of my favorite players all over the walls. I sometimes think it's a bit too much, but I really like my room — except the days when our team loses the game.
- E) My room is at the top of the house, and I get a really good view of the sky from the window. I've set up my telescope there, so I can study the stars whenever I want. I find looking at the stars much more interesting than watching TV with my parents, so I spend a lot of time in the evening up there. It's really peaceful and relaxing. I think my room is a great place to rest after school.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

- 5 Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска нужную грамматическую форму, выбрав её из списка.

Not a problem

Some people know **A**_____ but they are too shy to speak foreign languages. Some people know little but they overcome this problem **B**_____.

Once a famous European writer **C**_____ to an American girl. The American, speaking in the writer’s native language, asked him why he had never visited the United States. “I know only a few sentences in English,” answered the writer. “What are **D**_____ sentences?” asked the girl. “How do you do? I love you. Forgive me. Forget me. Ham and eggs, please,” answered the writer. “But,” said the girl, “with that vocabulary you **E**_____ travel all over my country.”

- | | | | | |
|----------|------------|----------------|-----------|---------------|
| A | 1) much | 2) little | 3) many | 4) a little |
| B | 1) easy | 2) easiest | 3) easily | 4) easier |
| C | 1) talked | 2) was talking | 3) talks | 4) is talking |
| D | 1) these | 2) this | 3) that | 4) those |
| E | 1) have to | 2) mustn’t | 3) had to | 4) can |

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

6

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска подходящее слово, выбрав его из списка. Два слова в списке лишние.

A sporting nation

The British are a sporting nation. They like football — in fact, they invented it many years **A**_____. Most British towns and cities have a football team. Every year, each team plays in the Football Association competition. The two best teams play in the Cup Final at Wembley Stadium in London. It is one of the biggest sporting events of the year.

Cricket is a typically British game. It **B**_____ slow, but it can be exciting if you understand what's going on. There are eleven **C**_____ in each team. Cricket is a very long game. Big international matches go on for five years.

Tennis is another popular game in Britain. Every summer, in June, the biggest international tennis tournament takes place at Wimbledon. There are strawberries and cream for sale, and **D**_____ hopes it won't rain.

Many British people who live near the sea, a lake or a river enjoy sailing. If you are rich enough to buy your own boat, you can take part **E**_____ one of the annual sailing races.

1. is
2. men
3. ago
4. was
5. person
6. in
7. everybody

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

ВАРИАНТ 4

1

Перед вами 5 незаконченных предложений А — Е. Внимательно прочитайте их. Прочитайте также варианты ответов. Вы услышите разговор перед началом вечеринки. Для каждого предложения выберите концовку, соответствующую содержанию разговора. К каждому предложению подходит только одна концовка. Аудиотекст прозвучит 2 раза. При повторном прослушивании проверьте себя. У вас есть 45 секунд, чтобы ознакомиться с предложениями.

A. Jane had to _____.

1. cook the food 2. set the table 3. bring something

B. Tom brought _____.

1. drinks 2. music CD's 3. pizza

C. The chocolate cake was made by _____.

1. Kate 2. Julia 3. Julia's mother

D. Tom saw Mark in the _____.

1. reading room 2. sitting room 3. drawing room

E. Mark helped Sally to choose _____.

1. bananas 2. oranges 3. a box of sweets

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

2

Прочитайте текст вслух. У вас есть полторы минуты на подготовку и полторы минуты, чтобы прочитать текст вслух.

Christmas is one of the most important festivals of the year. There are a lot of traditions connected with Christmas but perhaps the most important one is the giving of presents. Family members wrap up their gifts and leave them under the Christmas tree to be found on Christmas morning. Children leave a long sock or stocking at the end of their beds on Christmas Eve, hoping that Father Christmas will come down the chimney during the night and bring them small presents, fruit and nuts. They are usually not disappointed!

3

Выберите фотографию и опишите питомца на ней. У вас есть полторы минуты на подготовку и не более двух минут для ответа. У вас должен получиться связный рассказ (7–8 предложений). План ответа поможет вам.

Remember to say:

- **what pet it is; where it is;** (*pet, location*)
- **whose pet it is;** (*the owner*)
- **describe the pet;** (*appearance*)
- **what they are doing;** (*activities*)
- **why you have chosen this photo.**

Start with: “I’d like to describe picture № The picture shows ...”.



Photo 1



Photo 2



Photo 3

4

Установите соответствие между текстами и их темами, выбрав тему из списка. Используйте каждую тему только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя.

This text deals with a person who...

- 1) likes exotic food.
- 2) is a student.
- 3) dislikes city transport.
- 4) feels in England at home.
- 5) doesn't say anything about his job.
- 6) enjoys free museums.

The new Londoners

- A) I was born in India and then lived in many different parts of England. I moved to London fourteen years ago and I feel more at home in London than in any other place. What I like about London is that it is a multicultural place. The fact that I am from another country doesn't mean that I have to forget my own culture. Ethnic festivals, markets, centers are as much part of London as Big Ben and the Tower of London.
- B) I came to London from Australia to study. London is great! It has got everything: nice shopping centers, convenient eating-places, beautiful and elegant architecture. But above all, I like the people there, who are ready to help.
- C) I moved to London from Canada ten years ago because I got a job at one of the London universities. I love this city because I enjoy the theatre, cinema, concerts, not to mention restaurants with food all over the world. It's a pity that people move in and out of the city a lot. You make new friends all the time, but also "lose" friends all the time as well.
- D) I am a businessman from Poland. My favorite thing about London is that museums (not all but most of them) are free, so you can see one work of art if you like and you don't have to pay for expensive tickets.
- E) I am Greek and I'm a travel agent. My office is far from the place where I live, so what I most dislike about London is that the underground does not operate during the night. This means that when I am coming back late from my work, I have to take a bus, so it takes a lot of time to get home. I can't move to another flat because of the high cost of living.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

5

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска нужную грамматическую форму, выбрав её из списка.

What's his life worth?

Robert Burns loved people and wrote about **A**_____. One day when he was walking near the sea, he heard a cry for help. He ran to that place. At that time a sailor jumped off a boat and began to swim towards the man who was calling for help and saved him. The man who **B**_____ was a rich merchant. When he came to himself he thanked the brave sailor and gave him a shilling. By this time a **C**_____ people were standing round them. They called the sailor a hero and protested **D**_____ when the rich man gave him only a shilling. But Burns stopped them and said, "Don't cry! Of course, the gentleman knows **E**_____ what his life is worth."

- | | | | | |
|----------|------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|
| A | 1) they | 2) their | 3) theirs | 4) them |
| B | 1) saved | 2) was saved | 3) saves | 4) is saved |
| C | 1) many | 2) much | 3) lot | 4) little |
| D | 1) loudest | 2) louder | 3) loudly | 4) loud |
| E | 1) bad | 2) good | 3) worse | 4) better |

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

6

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска подходящее слово, выбрав его из списка. Два слова в списке лишние.

St Nicholas: the first Santa

St Nicholas lived nearly 700 years **A**_____ in Myra, in Asia, and he was a bishop. He was rich, but he was a good man and he used all his money to help poor people.

One day, Nicholas heard that a poor man had to sell his three pretty **B**_____. That night, Nicholas put three bags of gold through the man's open door. The girls were now safe.

Another time, Nicholas threw some gold coins down a chimney at midnight. The coins fell into a shoe, which **C**_____ near the fire.

Nicholas didn't tell people what he was doing. But after he died, people learned his secret. It became the custom to give presents on **D**_____ special day — 6 December. It was said that the presents came from St Nicholas. In some countries of Europe, people continue to **E**_____ their gifts on 6 December.

1. his
2. daughters
3. give
4. ago
5. stood
6. last
7. take

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

3

Выберите фотографию и опишите досуг на ней. У вас есть полторы минуты на подготовку и не более двух минут для ответа. У вас должен получиться связанный рассказ (7–8 предложений). План ответа поможет вам.

Remember to say:

- where it is; (*location*)
- describe the place; (*place*)
- who is in the picture; (*people*)
- what they are doing; (*activities*)
- why you have chosen this photo.

Start with: “I’d like to describe picture № The picture shows ...”.



Photo 1



Photo 2



Photo 3

4

Установите соответствие между текстами и их темами, выбрав тему из списка. Используйте каждую тему только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя.

This text deals with the best hotel for a person who ...

- 1) likes to have dinner in different places.
- 2) has problems with his health.
- 3) is a theater-goer.
- 4) likes shopping.
- 5) is fond of sports and wildlife.
- 6) wants to use the Internet to contact the family.

The best hotels

- A) *Lipton Hotel* is only ten minutes on foot from the city centre and is an ideal place for those who are fond of sightseeing and looking for souvenirs and presents for the family and friends. Breakfast and lunch are served at the hotel and there is a nice restaurant nearby with evening concerts by local musicians.
- B) *The Wind Hotel* is in the hills but not far from a railway station. It has a restaurant where you can have different national dishes and listen to music in the evening. There are golf and tennis courts, a swimming-pool, and the hotel organizes tours to see birds and rare plants.
- C) *The Blue Ocean Hotel* is five minutes on foot from the beach and twenty minutes by car from the motorway. The hotel offers breakfasts only but there are a lot of nice cafés and restaurants nearby. The rooms are very comfortable. The hotel also offers Internet service.
- D) *Jackson's Hotel* is in a beautiful place in the hills, not far from a nice river. Every morning you will hear birds singing. The place is good for fishing and riding. The nearest village is 20 km away, but the hotel offers everything you may need: food, concerts by a local group and free Internet service.
- E) *The Sunrise Hotel* is 100 metres from the sea with all the rooms looking on the beach. The hotel offers such sports as surfing and tennis. There is a good restaurant with a diet specialist, a cinema and an Internet café nearby. The main attraction for people with stomach problems is a mineral source not far from the hotel.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	A	B	C	D	E

Ответ:

5

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска нужную грамматическую форму, выбрав её из списка.

The Queen's family

In the days of Queen Victoria (1837–1901), ordinary British people thought that the royal family was very special. Victoria, her husband and **A**_____ nine children were seen as an example of perfect family life.

But today things **B**_____ different. The Queen is still generally popular, but there have been **C**_____ many problems with royal marriages. Two of the Queen's four children –Anne and Andrew — are now divorced.

Prince Charles, the Queen's oldest son, married Princess Diana in 1981. Diana was young and beautiful and the newspapers and television were very interested in her. Soon she was **D**_____ than Charles, her husband. But her marriage to Charles was not happy. When Diana died in a car accident in 1997 with her lover, Dodi Fayed, many British people were very sad. In April 2005, Charles **E**_____ Camilla Parker Bowles, a friend of more than thirty years.

- | | | | | |
|----------|---------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| A | 1) their | 2) they | 3) them | 4) theirs |
| B | 1) be | 2) is | 3) were | 4) are |
| C | 1) two | 2) too | 3) also | 4) either |
| D | 1) popularity | 2) popular | 3) most popular | 4) more popular |
| E | 1) marry | 2) married | 3) marries | 4) has married |

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	A	B	C	D	E

Ответ:

6

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска подходящее слово, выбрав его из списка. Два слова в списке лишние.

The national parks of Wales

There are three National parks in Wales, which cover one-fifth of the whole country. **A**_____ parks are protected by law because of their natural beauty, but ordinary people still live and work here.

The most famous of the parks is Snowdonia in the north-west. It covers 840 square miles (2,176 sq. km). It's Wales' most picturesque countryside. The highest mountain range in Wales is in this area, with several peaks over 3,000 **B**_____ (910 m). Snowdon is more than 1,085 m. You can reach the top of it on foot or by the Snowdon mountain railway, which is 7 kilometers long.

Many men, women and **C**_____ travel to the parks for special holidays. These include a large number of outdoor **D**_____ such as walking, climbing and riding, or water-sports such as canoeing and fishing. People camp and live without all the usual comforts of home. They **E**_____ nature around them.

1. this
2. foot
3. these
4. activities
5. enjoy
6. children
7. feet

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

ВАРИАНТ 6

1

Перед вами 5 незаконченных предложений А — Е. Внимательно прочитайте их. Прочитайте также варианты ответов. Вы услышите разговор о каникулах. Для каждого предложения выберите концовку, соответствующую содержанию разговора. К каждому предложению подходит только одна концовка. Аудиотекст прозвучит 2 раза. При повторном прослушивании проверьте себя. У вас есть 45 секунд, чтобы ознакомиться с предложениями.

A. Kate spent her holidays in Australia _____.

1. last month 2. three weeks ago 3. this year

B. In Australia the weather was _____.

1. warm and sunny 2. hot and windy 3. hot and sunny

C. In New Zealand Robin went _____.

1. skiing 2. skating 3. swimming

D. Kate has a video about _____.

1. the sandy beaches 2. the sea dishes 3. the sea fish

E. Kate and Robin are meeting at _____.

1. her place on Sunday 2. his place on Saturday 3. her place on Saturday

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

2

Прочитайте текст вслух. У вас есть полторы минуты на подготовку и полторы минуты, чтобы прочитать текст вслух.

There are people from many different cultures in Australia so Easter is celebrated in a variety of ways. Some people go to church services. Children exchange Easter eggs, which are usually made of chocolate. Some are made from sugar and have little toys inside. Some chocolate eggs are also in the shape of funny rabbits. Easter is a time when a lot of Australian families go away on holidays, as it is late summer or early autumn. Some go to the beach others to the mountains. Most shops are closed except those in holiday towns.

3

Выберите фотографию и опишите животное в зоопарке на ней. У вас есть полторы минуты на подготовку и не более двух минут для ответа. У вас должен получиться связный рассказ (7–8 предложений). План ответа поможет вам.

Remember to say:

- **what animal it is;** (*animal*)
- **where it is;** (*location*)
- **describe the animal;** (*appearance*)
- **what the animal is doing;** (*activities*)
- **why you have chosen this photo.**

Start with: “I’d like to describe picture № The picture shows ...”.



Photo 1



Photo 2



Photo 3

4

Установите соответствие между текстами и их темами, выбрав тему из списка. Используйте каждую тему только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя.

This text deals with ...

- 1) schools for rich people.
- 2) schools for boys.
- 3) the history of public schools.
- 4) living and studying in the same place.
- 5) the famous school.
- 6) schools in Great Britain.

British schools

- A) The school system in the UK may seem rather strange for people from other countries. There are two types of schools in the UK. Most of schools are state schools where education is free. But there are also private schools where you have to pay. Such schools are often very expensive. It may seem funny, but private schools in Britain are called public.
- B) A long time ago when education was a privilege of the rich, the only schools where poor people could go got the money from charity organizations. As it was public money, the schools for the poor were called public schools. Some of these public schools were very successful and later they became expensive private schools for rich people. But the conservative British continued to call them public schools.
- C) Harrow School was founded in 1572 as a public school for the children of poor families but soon became one of the most famous private schools in the country. It is known as the place where Winston Churchill and six other Prime Ministers of Great Britain were educated. The poet Lord Byron also attended this school.
- D) Harrow is an all-boys school with 800 pupils. It has nineteen boarding houses. A boarding house is a building where pupils sleep and rest. Each boy has a separate bedroom or shares a room with another boy. The teachers also have their own rooms to stay in the school all the time and look after the pupils.
- E) The first thing you need to have is money as studying at some public schools costs up to 20,000 pounds a year. There are some grants for bright pupils from poor families but the places are very few and the competition is very strong. It's not surprising that only six percent of the people in the UK can study at public schools.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

5

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска нужную грамматическую форму, выбрав её из списка.

Murillo and Sebastian

Three hundred years ago a painter lived in Spain. His name was Murillo and he had a lot of pupils. Once Murillo **A**_____ a beautiful picture in his studio. It was a picture of a woman's head. "Who painted this picture?" he asked his pupils. Nobody answered.

"Sebastian," the painter said, "you were here all night. Did you see who painted this picture?" Sebastian was his black slave, and he stayed in the studio every night. "No," answered the slave, "I didn't see **B**_____ in the studio."

Night came. Everybody went away from the studio. Sebastian put his bed near the picture and fell asleep. At three o'clock in the morning he got up, came up to the picture and started painting. He did not think of time. Suddenly he looked back and saw Murillo and his pupils who **C**_____ behind him.

"Sebastian," cried Murillo, "you are a very good painter. How did you learn to paint?"

"I took my lessons from you," the slave answered. "You gave lessons to **D**_____ pupils, and I was in the studio too," answered Sebastian.

"Now you are not my slave but my **E**_____ pupil," said Murillo.

Murillo and Sebastian began to work together and painted many pictures together.

- | | | | | |
|----------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|--------------|
| A | 1) was found | 2) had found | 3) found | 4) founded |
| B | 1) anybody | 2) nobody | 3) somebody | 4) nothing |
| C | 1) was standing | 2) were standing | 3) stood | 4) had stood |
| D | 1) you | 2) they | 3) them | 4) your |
| E | 1) most good | 2) goodest | 3) better | 4) best |

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

6

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска подходящее слово, выбрав его из списка. Два слова в списке лишние.

Meals

For breakfast English people **A**_____ have porridge with milk and sugar but **B**_____ with meat. They usually drink strong tea. They like to have it with milk.

At one o'clock English people have lunch. They have lunch in a canteen, a restaurant or a café. On a warm sunny day you can see people **C**_____ the trees on the grass eating their sandwiches. For the main **D**_____ one can have fish, steak or roast beef with vegetables: carrots, cabbage, beans and potatoes.

Five o'clock tea is a national **E**_____. English people can have cheese and biscuits, apple pie, fruit or fruit salad, sandwiches and a lot of tea.

At about seven or eight o'clock they have dinner or supper. They drink little coffee and much tea.

1. below
2. never
3. food
4. often
5. under
6. tradition
7. course

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

ВАРИАНТ 7

1

Перед вами 5 незаконченных предложений А — Е. Внимательно прочитайте их. Прочитайте также варианты ответов. Вы услышите разговор о погоде. Для каждого предложения выберите концовку, соответствующую содержанию разговора. К каждому предложению подходит только одна концовка. Аудиотекст прозвучит 2 раза. При повторном прослушивании проверьте себя. У вас есть 45 секунд, чтобы ознакомиться с предложениями.

A. Sam tells Ann about _____.

1. winter time 2. summer time 3. spring time

B. In Russia the temperature is _____.

1. plus 28 degrees Celsius 2. minus 28 degrees Celsius 3. plus 19 degrees Celsius

C. Ann sometimes goes _____.

1. skiing 2. snowboarding 3. swimming

D. Sam often spends his time _____.

1. on the sandy beach 2. with people 3. with Santa Claus

E. Sam has never had _____.

1. light Christmas 2. bright Christmas 3. White Christmas

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

2

Прочитайте текст вслух. У вас есть полторы минуты на подготовку и полторы минуты, чтобы прочитать текст вслух.

Physical fitness is a general state of good health, usually as a result of exercise and healthy food. Being fit helps us have more energy for work or school during the day, and enough energy to enjoy our leisure time activities. Fitness is an individual quality. However, the level of physical fitness can be influenced by regular, systematic exercise. How often, how long and how hard you exercise, and what kinds of exercises you do should be determined by what you are trying to get. The way you look depends on you.

3

Выберите фотографию и опишите людей на ней. У вас есть полторы минуты на подготовку и не более двух минут для ответа. У вас должен получиться связанный рассказ (7–8 предложений). План ответа поможет вам.

Remember to say:

- who is in the picture; (*family, people*)
- where they are; (*location*)
- what they are wearing; (*clothes*)
- what they are doing; (*activities*)
- why you have chosen this photo.

Start with: “I’d like to describe picture № ... The picture shows ...”.



Photo 1



Photo 2



Photo 3

4

Установите соответствие между текстами и их темами, выбрав тему из списка. Используйте каждую тему только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя.

This text deals with ...

- 1) a healthy diet.
- 2) an unusual band.
- 3) the most important food.
- 4) thinking about animals.
- 5) the question of danger.
- 6) some meal traditions.

Five facts about food

- A) If you eat more than you need, the extra calories turn into fat; if you eat less than you need, the body burns fat to get energy and you lose weight. One way of losing weight is by dieting — eating less. Another way is to go on eating as usual, but then you must take more exercise. But start doing it gradually. Don't try to lose a lot of weight fast. It doesn't usually work and it can be dangerous.
- B) In some countries bread is an important part of everyday food. When people sit down for a meal, there is always bread on the table. In countries where people eat a lot of bread, the word "bread" is used to talk about some other important things. In English-speaking countries it often means "money". In Russia people talk about their jobs as their bread and butter, and the person in the family who brings home the money is called the "breadwinner".
- C) Nowadays Eskimos eat and love fast food and pizzas and hamburgers. But some of them continue to live as hunters and fishermen. They wear traditional costumes and eat traditional food like deer and polar bear. Every day Jack Ikummag works in a shop, but at the weekend he takes his gun, drives his snowmobile out of his village and shoots a deer. Then he cooks it with lots of spices and invites his relatives and friends to share the meal.
- D) There is a special orchestra in Vienna. All the instruments are made of carrots, cucumbers and pumpkins. The lead musician plays a horn made from a cucumber, a green pepper and a carrot. The musicians can play everything — from classical music to jazz. And nothing is wasted: after the performance a cook makes a big pot of soup or stew for the musicians and audience to eat.
- E) More and more people nowadays become vegetarians. A diet free from meat has all the vitamins, minerals and protein you need. And a vegetarian diet is not only healthier but it is also kinder. We know that animals grown for meat production are kept in special factory farms. Pigs and chickens are in boxes where they cannot even turn around!

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

5

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска нужную грамматическую форму, выбрав её из списка.

One clever parrot

Once there lived a man who had a parrot. The man tried to teach the parrot to speak. But the parrot could learn only the phrase, "There is no doubt about it." The parrot always said **A**_____ words and always gave the same answer, "There is no doubt about it".

At last the man decided to sell the bird. He went to the street and began to cry, "Twenty pounds for a very clever parrot!"

One woman heard this. She came up to the parrot and asked, "**B**_____ you worth twenty dollars?" The parrot answered, "There is no doubt about it".

"What a clever parrot", said the woman and she **C**_____ the bird.

After some days the woman couldn't listen to the parrot **D**_____ more. She said, "What a fool I was to buy this parrot and throw away so **E**_____ money. Twenty dollars!"

Then the parrot cried, "There is no doubt about it!"

This time the parrot was right.

- | | | | | |
|----------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-----------|
| A | 1) this | 2) that | 3) them | 4) these |
| B | 1) Are | 2) Do | 3) Were | 4) Did |
| C | 1) has bought | 2) bought | 3) was bought | 4) buyed |
| D | 1) no | 2) any | 3) some | 4) too |
| E | 1) many | 2) a lot of | 3) much | 4) little |

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

6

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска подходящее слово, выбрав его из списка. Два слова в списке лишние.

Taking up a team sport

People worldwide enjoy sports whether they are playing in a team or doing an individual sport. Some choose team sports because they like playing in a team.

To begin with, one advantage of taking up a team sport is the sense of team spirit. Players learn to co-operate while working **A** _____ the same goal. This encourages people to be less selfish. Moreover, playing in a team can also help one make new friends. Besides, when you win, you share the **B** _____ and when you lose, you have someone to share the **C** _____ with.

On the other hand, there are some disadvantages. First of all, there is a chance that not all players will get **D** _____ with each other. This may cause arguments. In addition, when you are part of a team, you have to depend **E** _____ other players.

1. achievement
2. to
3. on
4. together
5. towards
6. loss
7. along

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

ВАРИАНТ 8

1

Перед вами 5 незаконченных предложений А — Е. Внимательно прочитайте их. Прочитайте также варианты ответов. Вы услышите разговор мамы с сыном. Для каждого предложения выберите концовку, соответствующую содержанию разговора. К каждому предложению подходит только одна концовка. Аудиотекст прозвучит 2 раза. При повторном прослушивании проверьте себя. У вас есть 45 секунд, чтобы ознакомиться с предложениями.

A. Dave's friend Nick was _____.

1. absent for school 2. at school together with Dave 3. at school

B. Nick fell off his _____.

1. sail boat 2. skateboard 3. skates

C. Nick hurt his _____.

1. head 2. hair 3. back

D. The doctor advised Nick _____.

1. to visit him 2. to go to school 3. to stay in bed

E. Crossing the road Nick always looks first _____.

1. in the middle 2. on the right 3. on the left

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

2

Прочитайте текст вслух. У вас есть полторы минуты на подготовку и полторы минуты, чтобы прочитать текст вслух.

For centuries man and dog have lived side by side. Dogs were popular in ancient Greece, Rome and Egypt. Some scientists say that domestic dogs appeared about 12,000 years ago and that they came directly from wolves. People quickly understood that dogs could be used to work in many fields. They can guard and hunt, find people lost in the mountains under the snow. But probably the best thing about them is their loyalty. They are faithful and friendly. They are always happy to see us and they are really true friends.

3

Выберите фотографию и опишите столицу на ней. У вас есть полторы минуты на подготовку и не более двух минут для ответа. У вас должен получиться связный рассказ (7–8 предложений). План ответа поможет вам.

Remember to say:

- **what capital city it is;** (*name of the capital*)
- **where it is;** (*name of the country, name of the river*)
- **describe the main landmark;** (*sight*)
- **describe the time of the day;** (*part of the day*)
- **why you have chosen this photo.**

Start with: “I’d like to describe picture № The picture shows ...”.



Photo 1



Photo 2



Photo 3

4

Установите соответствие между текстами и их темами, выбрав тему из списка. Используйте каждую тему только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя.

This text deals with a Christmas custom which...

- 1) appeared with new technology.
- 2) can be very pleasant for people who like tasty things.
- 3) can be very pleasant for people who love each other.
- 4) can tell you that you'll be happy next year.
- 5) was not allowed for some time.
- 6) lets people know that Christmas holiday is coming.

Christmas Customs in Great Britain and America

- A) Houses are decorated with coloured paper ribbons and chains. Holly with red berries is put on the walls and looks very colourful. A piece of mistletoe (a plant) is hung from the ceiling. It is said to be lucky to kiss under the mistletoe hanging from the ceiling. People who do not usually kiss each other take the chance given by a piece of mistletoe!
- B) One of the delicacies the British have enjoyed for almost 900 years is the mince pie. This is a sort of small cake with a delicious mixture of spices and fruit. It was introduced by the knights who brought new aromatic spices from the Holy Land. In the 17th century, Oliver Cromwell tried to ban the eating of mince pies (as well as singing of carols) — but people continued to eat (and sing) in secret.
- C) Christmas Day is a family day when families try to be together. In past years, the Queen has broadcast a radio message from her study at Sandringham House. Since 1959, she has been recording her message every year some weeks before Christmas, so it could be broadcast on Christmas Day by radio in all parts of the British Commonwealth.
- D) In the USA many towns have a big Christmas tree placed in some square or park or outside the town hall. This custom began first in America when an illuminated tree was set up in 1909 in Pasadena, California. The nation's main Christmas tree is set up in Washington, D.C. on the parade ground near the White House. A few days before Christmas the President of the United States presses a button, which lights the tree. This is the signal for lighting trees across the land.
- E) The custom of breaking a wishbone (of a chicken or turkey) comes from the Romans who used them for fortune telling. Looking for signs of future events, they broke the wishbone and the person with the longest piece could make a wish which may bring him luck or good fortune.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

- 5 Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска нужную грамматическую форму, выбрав её из списка.

Alex the parrot

Alex is an African grey parrot. Like many other parrots, he is good **A**_____ imitating human speech. But unlike other parrots, he seems to understand what he says and what his owner wants him to do.

When his owner shows Alex an object and asks about **B**_____ shape, colour, or material, he can name it correctly. If she asks him about the difference **C**_____ two objects, he also answers. But if there is no difference, he says, "None."

If he says, "Wanna banana", but **D**_____ a nut instead, he asks for the banana again or takes the nut and throws it at his owner. When Alex is tired of being asked, he says, "I'm gonna go away".

Alex **E**_____ 100 words, so he can ask for his favourite food and toys.

- | | | | | |
|----------|--------------|-------------|---------------|----------|
| A | 1) at | 2) in | 3) with | 4) on |
| B | 1) it's | 2) its | 3) his | 4) her |
| C | 1) in | 2) among | 3) between | 4) of |
| D | 1) is giving | 2) is given | 3) are given | 4) gives |
| E | 1) has known | 2) knew | 3) is knowing | 4) knows |

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

6

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуса подходящее слово, выбрав его из списка. Два слова в списке лишние.

Baikal

<p>The problems of environment are A _____ all over the world. In our country the problem of pollution of Baikal is really actual.</p> <p>Baikal is the largest lake on the Earth, it looks B _____ a sea. Many kinds of fish, birds, reptiles, insects inhabit the region of Baikal. Some of them are unique.</p> <p>This place is very beautiful. Many tourists come here to enjoy its nature. But many of them leave piles of rubbish on the Baikal shores.</p> <p>But the most C _____ problem for the lake's nature is a lot of factories on its shores. They pour chemical and industrial waste into the Baikal's water and destruct its environment. As a result, many animals and plants die.</p> <p>We must protect our unique lake D _____ different kind of pollution. The health of our country and our planet, our health depends E _____ it very much.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. dangerous 2. on 3. from 4. like 5. for 6. important 7. as
---	--

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

ВАРИАНТ 9

1

Перед вами 5 незаконченных предложений А — Е. Внимательно прочитайте их. Прочитайте также варианты ответов. Вы услышите разговор в аэропорту. Для каждого предложения выберите концовку, соответствующую содержанию разговора. К каждому предложению подходит только одна концовка. Аудиотекст прозвучит 2 раза. При повторном прослушивании проверьте себя. У вас есть 45 секунд, чтобы ознакомиться с предложениями.

A. The customer's luggage is _____.

1. underweight 2. light 3. overweight

B. The customer has to pay _____.

1. 45 dollars 2. 55 dollars 3. 35 dollars

C. The clerk tells the customer not to forget his _____.

1. passport 2. ticket 3. boarding pass

D. The customer's flight leaves at _____.

1. 4:15 2. 2:15 3. 3:15

E. The clerk tells the customer to follow _____.

1. the sights 2. the signs 3. the Lines

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

2

Прочитайте текст вслух. У вас есть полторы минуты на подготовку и полторы минуты, чтобы прочитать текст вслух.

A hobby is something that people like to do when they are not busy with their usual work and have some free time. It is something done entirely for pleasure. Hobbies differ like tastes. If you have chosen a hobby according to your character and taste you are lucky because your life becomes more interesting. Gardening is one of the oldest of man's hobbies. It is known that the English are very fond of gardening and growing flowers, especially roses. Another popular hobby is collecting things. Sometimes people start with two or three items.

3

Выберите фотографию и опишите транспорт на ней. У вас есть полторы минуты на подготовку и не более двух минут для ответа. У вас должен получиться связный рассказ (7–8 предложений). План ответа поможет вам.

Remember to say:

- where it is; (*location*)
- describe the place; (*place*), people's activities; (*activities*)
- what kind of transport it is; (*transport*)
- describe this kind of transport; (*description of transport*);
- why you have chosen this photo.

Start with: "I'd like to describe picture № The picture shows ...".



Photo 1



Photo 2



Photo 3

4

Установите соответствие между текстами и их темами, выбрав тему из списка. Используйте каждую тему только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя.

This text deals with ...

- 1) Scottish sports
- 2) national clothes
- 3) national music
- 4) Scottish celebrations
- 5) national fabrics
- 6) national plant

What do you know about Scotland?

- A) Every schoolchild in Scotland learns the legend of how the thistle saved the country in the Middle ages, when the Scots and the Norsemen were at war. Under cover of darkness, the Norsemen removed their boots and crept on bare feet towards the unsuspecting Scottish army. Suddenly, a Norse soldier had stepped on a thistle and cried out in pain. The Scots woke up and drove the enemy from their land.
- B) Bagpipes are found in many countries besides Scotland, but they have become so linked with Scotland that the country and its instrument are practically synonymous. Pipes take many different shapes and forms, and today they are used for every kind of festival activities. No weddings or parties can do without piping.
- C) A traditional Scottish kilt (which is in fact a skirt) is made of 100 percent woolen material. Kilts don't have pockets, so a special purse or bag is attached to the leather belt to carry keys, money etc. Kilts are accepted at both formal and informal events. Prince Charles often wears a traditional kilt on ceremonial occasions.
- D) The word tartan originally came from France and is used to call the checked pattern of different colours. Tartan is traditionally used for making kilts, skirts, shawls and what not. Certain colours and pattern schemes are common in certain regions. Nowadays tartan patterns are extremely popular all over the world and are widely used in modern fashion.
- E) Highland Games are held during the year in Scotland and many other countries of the world to celebrate Scottish and Celtic culture. The games have become a great festival including Scottish heavy athletics and a lot of entertainment with bagpipes, kilts and Scottish food.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

- 5 Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска нужную грамматическую форму, выбрав её из списка.

Giants in danger

Elephants need a lot of water. Grown-ups drink about 190 liters a day. The animals use water in other ways as well. After drinking enough they fill their trunks and spray their bodies. The showers cool them. Elephants rest during the **A** _____ part of the day and for a few hours each night.

Today, many elephants in Africa **B** _____ because they don't have enough to eat and because they don't have enough space to live in. Besides, hunters kill thousands of elephants every year. Sometimes they do it for meat, but mostly for their ivory trunks.

Most elephants are now in national parks. There are too many animals there. As a result, the elephants don't have enough grass and **C** _____ to eat.

All these problems **D** _____ the number of elephants in Africa. Specialists **E** _____ that only two million elephants live on the planet today.

- | | | | | |
|----------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| A | 1) hotter | 2) more hotter | 3) hottest | 4) most hottest |
| B | 1) die | 2) died | 3) are dieing | 4) are dying |
| C | 1) leafs | 2) leaves | 3) leafes | 4) leavs |
| D | 1) reduced | 2) are reduced | 3) have reduced | 4) has reduced |
| E | 1) thought | 2) have thought | 3) are thinking | 4) think |

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

6

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска подходящее слово, выбрав его из списка. Два слова в списке лишние.

The London Eye

If you want to see London, the **A**_____ place to go is the Eye. The Eye is the big wheel on the river Thames. The Eye is very **B**_____. Every day 1600 people go on the Eye. There are 33 capsules and one ride takes thirty minutes. The Eye is very tall — 133 metres. At the top of the Eye you get a great view of London. You can see for 40 kilometers. Among the sights are Trafalgar Square, St. Paul's Cathedral, Tower Bridge and Big Ben. But don't go if you are **C**_____ of height. You don't need to book tickets. You can buy tickets just on spot.

The prices are different for different groups of people. A ticket for a child (5–15 years) will cost **D**_____ six pounds, for an adult it will be eleven pounds. Parents don't pay for a child who is **E**_____ five.

1. afraid
2. under
3. popular
4. less
5. best
6. about
7. fond

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

3

Выберите фотографию и опишите любимые летние занятия на ней. У вас есть полторы минуты на подготовку и не более двух минут для ответа. У вас должен получиться связный рассказ (7–8 предложений). План ответа поможет вам.

Remember to say:

- **who is in the picture;** (*number of tourists*), **where it is;** (*location*)
- **what the weather is like;** (*weather*)
- **what they are wearing;** (*clothes*)
- **what they are doing;** (*activities*)
- **why you have chosen this photo.**

Start with: "I'd like to describe picture № The picture shows ...".



Photo 1



Photo 2



Photo 3

4

Установите соответствие между текстами и их темами, выбрав тему из списка. Используйте каждую тему только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя.

This text deals with the park where ...

- 1) you may need both warm and light clothes.
- 2) you should have a car with air-conditioning system.
- 3) you can see the art of ancient people.
- 4) the guides are always very careful.
- 5) you can explore the houses of ancient Indians.
- 6) you could boil an egg for breakfast without making the fire.

The Wonders of American National Parks

- A) In the *Capitol Reef National Park* in Utah you can see lots of beautiful cliffs and rocks. Many of them are covered with rock drawings and paintings. They were made by the Indians, who lived there two thousand years ago and mysteriously disappeared.
- B) *The Hawaii Volcanoes National Park* has two of the world's most active volcanoes. You can walk along the paths of hard lava and often you can take a photo of real hot lava running down the volcano slope! But don't worry, the park rangers won't let you get too close.
- C) *The Grand Canyon* in Arizona is one of the true natural wonders of the world. Thousands of tourists visit it every year. The Grand Canyon is over 320 km long and up to 6 km deep. The top and the bottom of the canyon have very different weather. While it is very hot at the top, it can be very cold at the bottom, especially at night.
- D) *The Yellowstone National Park* is the first and the oldest national park in the USA. It was founded in 1872. Now it is home to a large variety of wildlife including grizzly bears, wolves and elk. It's famous for its geysers and hot springs. The most famous geyser shoots hot water and steam every 75 minutes. The water is hot enough for cooking.
- E) *Death Valley* is the hottest place in the United States and summer temperature can go up to 54 degrees! In the 1800s, people came here looking for gold and built towns, but the terrible heat made them leave the place. Today, you can visit these ghost towns and look inside old houses, prisons and banks to see how people lived then. But don't forget about the heat!

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

5

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска нужную грамматическую форму, выбрав её из списка.

Helpful lessons

10-year-old Jane Smith was on holiday with her parents and a 7-year-old sister when the tsunami **A**_____ began. The people were on the beach enjoying their rest when suddenly something happened in the water: there appeared a lot of bubbles and the sea moved back.

The adults were **B** _____, but Jane remembered her Geography teacher, who had told her class about tsunamis some weeks **C** _____. She cried, "We must get off the beach now. I think there's going to be a tsunami."

Jane and **D**_____ parents warned tourists and they all ran off the beach as fast as they could. A few minutes later the water rose over the beach and destroyed everything. As it turned out later, this beach was one of the few places in Thailand where no one **E** _____. Now Jane is back at school and her classmates are very proud of her and their Geography teacher.

- | | | | | |
|----------|----------------|---------------|------------------|--------------|
| A | 1) have begun | 2) began | 3) was beginning | 4) has begun |
| B | 1) interesting | 2) interested | 3) interest | 4) interests |
| C | 1) earlier | 2) more early | 3) early | 4) earliest |
| D | 1) hers | 2) them | 3) her | 4) they |
| E | 1) was dying | 2) has died | 3) dead | 4) died |

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

□	Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

6

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуса подходящее слово, выбрав его из списка. Два слова в списке лишние.

The wonderful world of books

<p>Why are so many people fond of reading books? The answer is very simple — the world of books is full of wonders. Reading books you can find yourself in different lands. Together with the characters of the book you go A _____ ship in the stormy sea, you climb high mountains, you have a lot of B _____.</p> <p>There are authors and characters famous all over the world. Who hasn't read "Alice in Wonderland" by Lewis Carroll or "The Adventures of Tom Sawyer" by Mark Twain? Who hasn't travelled with Mary Poppins to her imaginary world? We enjoy the beauty and C _____ of fairy-tales which teach us to be kind and clever, brave and honest, to understand other people. Books help us to be true friends. They teach us to understand the D _____ of nature, to take care E _____ it.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. adventures 2. wisdom 3. of 4. beauty 5. on 6. for 7. by
--	--

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

ТЕКСТЫ ДЛЯ АУДИРОВАНИЯ

Вариант 1

Rose: Hi, Alex! You look a little upset. It worries me. What's up?

Alex: I had quite a shock, you know.

Rose: Oh, why?

Alex: I was at the Zoo yesterday at half past two p.m. taking photos for my school project.

Rose: So, what happened?

Alex: I saw a lot of people at the monkeys' cage. All the people were laughing, pointing at something there.

Rose: What did you do?

Alex: I tried to get nearer. Somebody pushed me, I fell down and broke my camera.

Rose: What a pity! Were you badly hurt?

Alex: No, not at all... The cage was empty. There was only a large mirror in it. The people were laughing at their reflections.

Rose: You don't see that every day, right?

Alex: No, you certainly don't.

Вариант 2

Mark: Hello, Jake! Is this true that you're ill?

Jake: Sure, Mark. I haven't felt good since Thursday.

Mark: What's wrong with you?

Jake: I've got a terrible headache, I felt weak and I don't want to do anything.

Mark: I'm sorry you feel that way... So, you won't be able to join our computer games competition in three days?

Jake: I'd love to but my eyes are sore.

Mark: Let me guess. You've already spent too much time playing the computer games.

Jake: But I was training hard, you know.

Mark: Are you still training for hours?

Jake: Of course. Three to four hours daily.

Mark: I hope everything will turn out for the best if you get some rest. Let's say a couple of days off training.

Jake: All right. I'll try.

Mark: This way you'll give yourself the chance to relax.

Вариант 3

Sally: Hi, Eva! Why aren't you at our extra Art class?

Eve: I'll have to stay at home till my father changes the lock.

Sally: Why? Didn't he change it three weeks ago?

Eve: He did it once but I couldn't find my new keys. So, it's for the second time.

Sally: Really? Is anything else missing?

Eve: I also couldn't find my watch.

Sally: Where do you usually keep the keys and the watch when you come back from school?

Eve: I put them on the small table next to the door or in the pocket of my coat.

Sally: Your warm winter coat? Haven't you come in a warm jacket today?

Eve: Oh, yes. I forgot! Just a minute, I'll have a look...

Sally: And what's the result?

Eve: Hurrah! Thanks. I've found both the keys and my watch.

Вариант 4

Tom: Jane, did you make all this food yourself? It looks great!

Jane: No, Tom. My job was to organize the music and set the table. I asked everybody to bring something. Kate brought this pizza. She made it herself. By the way, thank you for bringing drinks.

Tom: It's OK, I was glad to help. And who made this chocolate cake, the one behind the sandwiches?

Jane: Julia brought it. She said her mother made it. It looks tasty, doesn't it?

Tom: Oh, yes, I can't wait to eat a piece of it. I like sweet things. I saw Mark in the sitting room. Did he bring anything?

Jane: I asked him to bring biscuits or fruits. He brought bananas and oranges.

Tom: And what about Sally?

Jane: I asked her to bring anything she wanted, so she brought this big box of sweets. Mark helped her to choose it.

Tom: Well, I'm hungry. Can I have a sandwich?

Вариант 5

Paul: Ann, did you like your trip to the safari park?

Ann: That was lovely. I enjoyed it very much. It's a pity you didn't join us.

Paul: To tell the truth, I don't like places like Zoos or safari parks. I think that animals should live in their natural world: in the jungle, in the forest, in the sea.

Ann: I hate Zoos too. Lions and tigers in the cages look so sad. But safari parks are different. Animals can run there, they feel free and they are safe there.

Paul: Maybe you are right. But all the Zoos must be closed and animals must be sent back to the wild!

Ann: No, you don't understand. Animals that were born in Zoos and lived there all their lives can't live in the wild. Do you remember the film we watched together? It was about two monkeys that were returned to the jungle from the Zoo? They had no chance and they died.

Paul: OK, you have won. People should build more safari parks. And the best thing is not to put animals in the Zoos. But will people stop doing it?

Ann: It's a difficult question. Safari parks are very big. It's easier for people to put animals into cages. Oh! Look at this magazine. There are nice pictures of a safari park in Africa. And there is an interesting story.

Paul: Let's buy the magazine. I'd like to know more about safari parks.

Вариант 6

Kate: Where are you going on holiday this year, Robin?

Robin: I don't know yet. Tell me about your great holidays, Kate.

Kate: I spent three weeks in Australia last month. It was hot and sunny every day.

Robin: I don't like hot weather very much.

Kate: But last time you were in New Zealand. Wasn't it really warm there?

Robin: We were in the mountains. There was much snow there and we went skiing.

Kate: I see. I was on the sandy beach most of the time. When I swam I watched sea fish. They were so beautiful.

Robin: That sounds interesting. I'd love to see them too.

Kate: I've got a video about them. Do you want to watch it?

Robin: Of course, I do.

Kate: Then come to my place on Saturday at six o'clock p.m., will you?

Robin: With pleasure. So long!

Вариант 7

Ann: Hello, Sam! What is the weather like in Australia now?

Sam: Hi, Kate! It's summer time, so it's very hot and sunny.

Ann: And what's the temperature?

Sam: It's thirty-five degrees Celsius.

Ann: Are you joking?

Sam: Not at all. Is it cold in Russia?

Ann: It's cold and snowy. The temperature is minus twenty-eight degrees Celsius.

Sam: It can't be that cold. Do you usually stay at home in such weather?

Ann: Not always. I sometimes go skating and skiing.

Sam: And I often spend my time on the sandy beach.

Ann: That means you have never had White Christmas, right?

Sam: No, Santa Claus usually swims with people in the ocean. You should see it when you come on a visit.

Ann: That will be amazing.

Вариант 8

Dave: Mum! Can I see my friend Nick?

Mother: But you were together at school, weren't you?

Dave: Please, Mum. Nick is ill and he was absent from school.

Mother: What happened to him?

Dave: Yesterday it was rainy and he fell off his skateboard.

Mother: Did he visit the doctor?

Dave: Yes, he did. He hurt his head badly and the doctor advised him to stay in bed.

Mother: Ok, you can see Nick. But you must be careful when you cross the road.

Dave: Yes, I promise. I always look on the left and in the middle I look on the right.

Mother: And, please, leave your skateboard at home.

Вариант 9

Clerk: Good morning. May I have your passport and ticket, please?

Customer: Here you are.

Clerk: How many bags are you checking?

Customer: Two.

Clerk: Put them on the scale. Oh, this one is too heavy. You have to pay an overweight fee or take out some items.

Customer: How much should I pay?

Clerk: 45 dollars.

Customer: Here it is.

Clerk: Don't forget your boarding pass. Your seat is 38F. The flight leaves from Terminal A, Gate 13 at a quarter past three.

Customer: Ok. Could you point me in the direction of Gate 13?

Clerk: Go straight and to the right. Then follow the signs.

Customer: Thank you.

Вариант 10

Andrew: Hello, Jim! Are you busy today?

Jim: No, I'm free. Do you need my help, Andrew?

Andrew: Yes, I'm taking my examination, but my younger sister is coming into town. Could you pick her up at the airport?

Jim: No problem. What does she look like?

Andrew: She has short, dark, curly hair. She is tall, has a thin face and blue eyes. Her suitcase will be blue and her name is Sue.

Jim: When is her flight?

Andrew: At five thirty.

Jim: P.m. or a.m.?

Andrew: At five thirty p.m.

Jim: I'll be there. Don't worry.

Andrew: Thank you so much, Jim. You're the best.

Jim: You're welcome! See you later, Andrew, at your place.

Ключи к заданиям

Вариант	Задание 1	Задание 4	Задание 5	Задание 6
1	32323	32164	31142	53264
2	31223	31542	21241	37165
3	32213	54162	13214	31276
4	21323	42163	42334	42513
5	21233	45162	14242	37645
6	13133	63541	31244	42576
7	22113	53624	41223	51673
8	12133	35164	12324	64132
9	31332	63254	34234	53162
10	22133	34162	22134	71243

Система оценивания проверочной работы по английскому языку

Каждое из заданий 1, 4, 5, 6 считается выполненным верно, если правильно указаны цифра, последовательность цифр или слово (словосочетание). Полный правильный ответ на каждое из заданий 1, 4, 5, 6 оценивается 1 баллом; неполный, неверный ответ или его отсутствие — 0 баллов.

Критерии оценивания выполнения заданий с развёрнутым ответом

Критерии оценивания задания 2 (осмысленное чтение текста вслух)	Баллы
Речь воспринимается легко: необоснованные паузы отсутствуют; фразовое ударение и интонационные контуры, произношение слов практически без нарушений нормы; допускается не более пяти фонетических ошибок, в том числе одна-две ошибки, искажающие смысл	2
Речь воспринимается достаточно легко, однако присутствуют необоснованные паузы; фразовое ударение и интонационные контуры практически без нарушений нормы; допускается не более семи фонетических ошибок, в том числе три ошибки, искажающие смысл	1
Речь воспринимается с трудом из-за значительного числа неестественных пауз, запинок, неверной расстановки ударений и ошибок в произношении слов, ИЛИ допущено более семи фонетических ошибок, ИЛИ сделано четыре и более фонетические ошибки, искажающие смысл	0
<i>Максимальный балл</i>	2

Критерии оценивания задания 3 (монологическое высказывание с опорой на картинку и пункты плана)	Баллы
1. Решение коммуникативной задачи* (Содержание)	2
Выполнена полностью: – все пункты плана раскрыты, – дано не менее 7 развёрнутых предложений	2
Выполнена частично: – 1 пункт плана не раскрыт; – дано 6 развёрнутых предложений; – либо есть 7 предложений, НО они не развёрнуты, либо не все они (1–2 предложения) по указанным в задании пунктам плана	1
Не выполнена: – 2 пункта плана не раскрыты; – дано менее 5 предложений	0
2. Организация текста	2
Высказывание связно и логично; средства логической связи присутствуют	2
Высказывание не вполне связно и логично, ИЛИ средства логической связи отсутствуют (неправильно используются)	1
Высказывание несвязно и нелогично, И/ИЛИ средства логической связи отсутствуют (неправильно используются)	0
3. Лексико-грамматическая правильность речи	2
Ошибки практически отсутствуют (не более 2-х ошибок, не препятствующих коммуникации)	2
Отдельные ошибки, не препятствующие коммуникации (не более 4-х в сумме, в том числе не более 2-х ошибок, препятствующих коммуникации)	1
Более 4-х ошибок ИЛИ более 2-х ошибок, препятствующих коммуникации	0
4. Произносительная сторона речи	2
1–2 фонетические ошибки, не препятствующие коммуникации	2
Отдельные ошибки, не препятствующие коммуникации (не более 4-х в сумме, в том числе не более 2-х ошибок, препятствующих коммуникации)	1
Более 4-х ошибок ИЛИ более 2-х ошибок, препятствующих коммуникации	0
<i>Максимальный балл</i>	8

* При получении обучающимся 0 баллов по критерию «Решение коммуникативной задачи (содержание)» всё задание 3 оценивается в 0 баллов.

Система оценивания выполнения всей работы

Максимальный балл за выполнение работы — 30.

Рекомендации по переводу первичных баллов в отметки по пятибалльной шкале

Отметка по пятибалльной шкале	«2»	«3»	«4»	«5»
Первичные баллы	0–12	13–20	21–26	27–30

Протокол оценивания задания 3 «Монологическое высказывание»

№	Фамилия, имя учащегося	Критерий 1	Критерий 2	Критерий 3	Критерий 4	Общий балл
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						

Учебное издание

12+

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ВСЕРОССИЙСКИЕ ПРОВЕРОЧНЫЕ РАБОТЫ

ИЗДАТЕЛЬСТВО «АСТ» ВЫПУСКАЕТ НОВУЮ СЕРИЮ КНИГ «ВСЕРОССИЙСКИЕ ПРОВЕРОЧНЫЕ РАБОТЫ»

Всероссийская проверочная работа (ВПр) предназначена для диагностики индивидуальной подготовки учащихся общеобразовательных организаций.

Сборник содержит тренировочные варианты письменной и устной частей ВПр по английскому языку для 7 класса, содержание и структура которых соответствуют ФГОС основного общего образования.

Письменная часть включает задания по аудированию, чтению, грамматике и лексике. Все задания снабжены ключами.

В устную часть входят задания на чтение вслух текста и описание фотографии с опорой на план.

В конце книги даны критерии оценивания выполнения этих заданий, которые помогут составить представление о требованиях к полноте и правильности развёрнутого ответа.

Материалы пособия могут быть использованы учащимися для планомерного повторения изученного материала и тренировки в выполнении заданий Всероссийской проверочной работы. Оно будет полезно учителям, которые найдут в нём необходимый материал для работы на уроках и контроля уровня знаний школьников по предмету.

